provided in §417.444, after the HMO or CMP enters into a risk contract.

[60 FR 46229, Sept. 6, 1995]

§417.526 Payment for covered services.

Subpart O of this part set forth the principles that HCFA follows in determining Medicare payment to an HMO or CMP that has a reasonable cost contract. Subpart P of this part describes the per capita method of Medicare payment to HMOs or CMPs that contract on a risk basis.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985; 50 FR 20570, May 17, 1985; as amended at 58 FR 38080, July 15, 1993; 60 FR 46229, Sept. 6, 1995]

§417.528 Payment when Medicare is not primary payer.

(a) Limits on payments and charges. (1) HCFA may not pay for services to the extent that Medicare is not the primary payer under section 1862(b) of the Act and part 411 of this chapter.

(2) The circumstances under which an HMO or CMP may charge, or authorize a provider to charge, for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer are stated in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

- (b) Charge to other insurers or the enrollee. If a Medicare enrollee receives from an HMO or CMP covered services that are also covered under State or Federal worker's compensation, automobile medical, or any no-fault insurance, or any liability insurance policy or plan, including a self-insured plan, the HMO or CMP may charge, or authorize a provider that furnished the service to charge—
- (1) The insurance carrier, employer, or other entity that is liable to pay for these services; or
- (2) The Medicare enrollee, to the extent that he or she has been paid by the carrier, employer, or other entity.
- (c) Charge to group health plans (GHPs) or large group health plans (LGHPs). An HMO or CMP may charge a GHP or LGHP for covered services it furnished to a Medicare enrollee and may charge the Medicare enrollee to the extent that he or she has been paid by the GHP or LGHP for these covered services if—
- (1) The Medicare enrollee is covered under the plan; and

- (2) Under section 1862(b) of the Act, HCFA is precluded from paying for the covered services.
- (d) Responsibilities of HMO or CMP. An HMO or CMP must— $\,$
- (1) Identify payers that are primary to Medicare under section 1862(b) of the Act.
- (2) Determine the amounts payable by these payers; and
- (3) Coordinate the benefits of its Medicare enrollees with these payers.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, as amended at 58 FR 38080, July 15, 1993; 60 FR 46229, Sept. 6, 1995]

Subpart O—Medicare Payment: Cost Basis

SOURCE: 50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

§417.530 Basis and scope.

This subpart sets forth the principles that HCFA follows to determine the amount it pays for services furnished by a cost HMO or CMP to its Medicare enrollees. These principles are based on sections 1861(v) and 1876 of the Act and are, for the most part, the same as those set forth—

- (a) In part 412 of this chapter, for paying the costs of inpatient hospital services which, for cost HMOs and CMPs, are considered "reasonable" only if they do not exceed the amounts allowed under the prospective payment system; and
- (b) In part 413 of this chapter, for the costs of all other covered services.

[60 FR 46230, Sept. 6, 1995]

§417.531 Hospice care services.

- (a) If a Medicare enrollee of an HMO or CMP with a reasonable cost contract makes an election under §418.24 of this chapter to receive hospice care services, payment for these services is made to the hospice that furnishes the services in accordance with part 418 of this chapter.
- (b) While the enrollee's hospice election is in effect, HCFA pays the HMO or CMP on a reasonable cost basis for only the following covered Medicare services furnished to the Medicare enrollee: